

# NORSAR

ROYAL NORWEGIAN COUNCIL FOR SCIENTIFIC AND INDUSTRIAL RESEARCH

Scientific Report No. 4-73/74

## SEMIANNUAL TECHNICAL REPORT

### NORSAR PHASE 3

1 July–31 December 1973

Prepared by  
Hilmar Bungum  
(Editor)

Kjeller, 11 January 1974



APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE, DISTRIBUTION UNLIMITED

## N. THE NORSAR ARPANET CONNECTION

A Terminal Interface Processor (TIP) was installed at NORSAR in June, giving access to the ARPANET via the TIP at Seismic Data Analysis Center (SDAC), Alexandria, Virginia. At the beginning of the period, various problems were being worked on, ranging from policy questions involving NTA (Norwegian Telecommunications Administration) and carrier companies to hardware/software problems with TIP and communications circuits. After an initial test period, TIP problems were successively solved in September. However, the Trans-Atlantic Link was not performing satisfactorily. The problem seemed to be connected with the higher speed; the "voice grade" line previously used for 2.4 kbit/s transmission should now handle 9.6 kbit/s traffic. After repeated upgradings, reroutings and tests, the line at the end of the year operates fairly satisfactorily. A preliminary investigation, however, shows a (slight) degradation of seismic data received from SDAC, compared to the pre-TIP conditions.

The TIP at University of London Institute of Computer Science was connected to the NORSAR TIP in the middle of October, via 4.6 kbit/s circuit. Thus the final arrangement gives ULICS and NORSAR a shared 7.2 kbit/s access to the network, as NORSAR seismic data transmission occupies 2.4 kbit/s out of the 9.6 kbit/s, via multiplexer.

At the end of the report period, three terminals were connected to the NORSAR TIP: one at NORSAR and one each at the neighboring institutions Blindern-Kjeller Computer Facility and the Norwegian Defence Research Establishment.

Some experience in the use of foreign ARPANET hosts has been gained by members of the NORSAR programming staff. Knowledge of and familiarity with login procedures, file handling methods and a variety of service programs (FORTRAN, TECO, NLS), as well as the operating system commands (TENEX), has been obtained, on especially two Host computers: The Stanford Research Institute, Augmentation Research Center PDP-10, and the University of Southern California Information Science Institute PDP-10.

A proposal has been worked out, listing how NORSAR wants to use its ARPANET TIP connection for remote computing and data exchange. Realization of the proposal requires interfaces for the 360/40 machines, for user Host attachment, as well as software development for the 360s. More specific plans have been worked out for one aspect of the data exchange, namely, transmission of the NORSAR bulletin to USGS, via an ARPANET Host, and implementation of the procedure is well under way.

Also, studies of the Network protocols have been initiated, in order to prepare for implementation of the software.

P. Tveitane

D. Rieber-Mohn